

Supplementary Material

Improvement of differential diagnosis of lung cancer by use of multiple protein tumor marker combinations

Inga Trulson¹, Frank Klawonn^{2,3}, Joachim von Pawel⁴, Stefan Holdenrieder¹

¹Munich Biomarker Research Center, Institute of Laboratory Medicine, German Heart Centre Munich, Munich, Germany

²Ostfalia University, Department of Computer Science, Wolfenbüttel, Germany

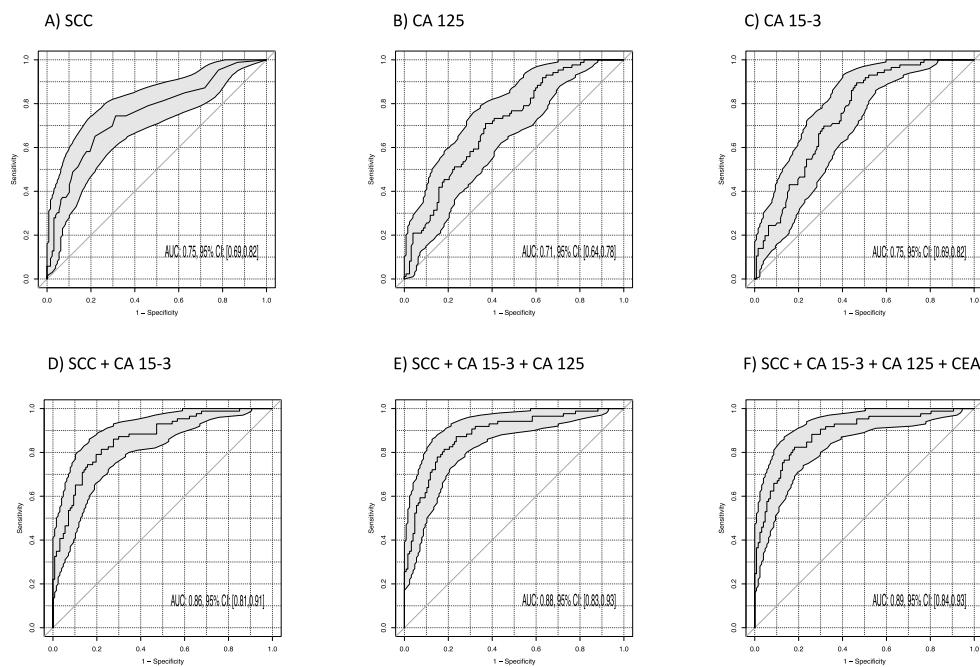
³Helmholtz Centre for Infection Research, Biostatistics, Braunschweig, Germany

⁴Asklepios Lungen-Fachkliniken München-Gauting, Gauting, Germany

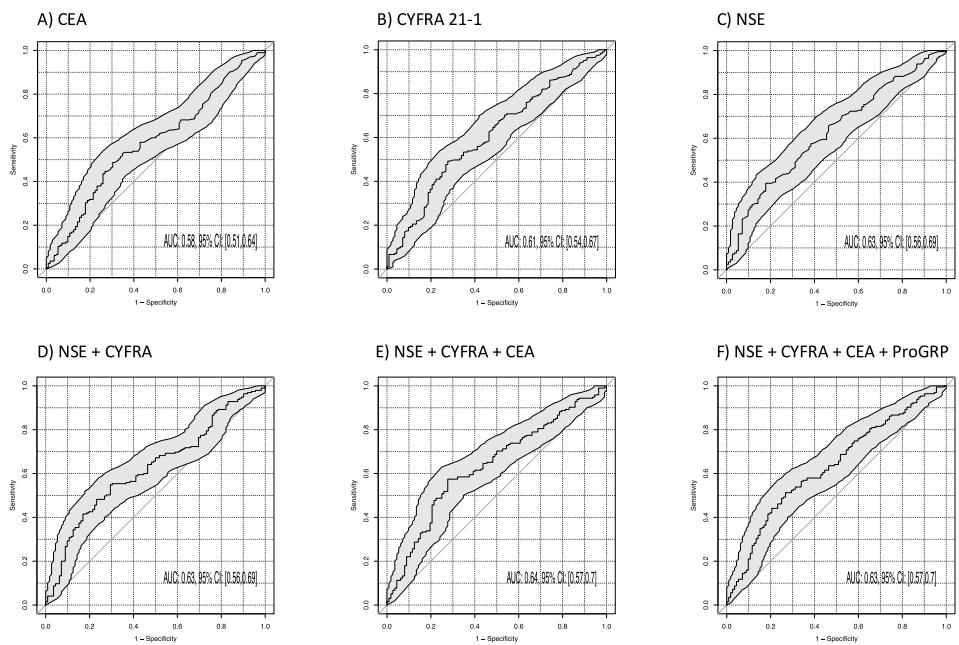
Supplementary Table 1 Power of discrimination of different groups by single tumor markers and combinations.

														Best double marker combi	Best triple marker combi	Best four marker combi
		CEA	CYFRA	NSE	PROGRP	SCC	CA 125	CA 15-3	CA 19-9	CA 72-4			SCC+ CA15-3	SCC+ CA15-3+ CA125	SCC+ CA15-3+ CA125+ CEA	
NSCLC_ADC* vs NSCLC_SQC	AUC	0.69**	0.58	0.49**	0.5	0.75	0.71**	0.75**	0.6**	0.68**	0.86	0.88			0.89	
	95% CI	0.62 -	0.5 -	0.41 -	0.42 -	0.69 -	0.64 -	0.69 -	0.53 -	0.61 -	0.81 -	0.83 -			0.84 -	
		0.76	0.66	0.57	0.57	0.82	0.78	0.82	0.68	0.75	0.91	0.93			0.93	
	Sens ₉₀	17%	16%	9%	9%	37%	24%	24%	13%	16%	60%	61%			66%	
	95% CI	0.08 -	0.05 -	0.03 -	0 -	0.28 -	0.15 -	0.16 -	0.06 -	0.1 -	0.41 -	0.49 -			0.52 -	
		0.31	0.29	0.19		0.59	0.42	0.43	0.24	0.32	0.77	0.80			0.81	
	p-value	<0.001	<0.05	0.84	0.9	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.05	<0.05	<0.001					
NSCLC_loc vs met*	AUC	0.58	0.61	0.63	0.56	0.49	0.58	0.57	0.55	0.54	0.63	0.64	NSE+ CYFRA	NSE+ CYFRA+ CEA	NSE+ CYFRA+ CEA+ ProGRP	
	95% CI	0.51 -	0.54 -	0.56 -	0.5 -	0.42 -	0.51 -	0.51 -	0.48 -	0.47 -	0.56 -	0.57 -			0.57 -	
		0.64	0.67	0.69	0.63	0.55	0.64	0.64	0.62	0.61	0.69	0.7			0.7	
	Sens ₉₀	15%	19%	27%	11%	13%	12%	24%	18%	12%	29%	22%			21%	
	95% CI	0.08 -	0.08 -	0.13 -	0.04 -	0.06 -	0.06 -	0.12 -	0.07 -	0.05 -	0.09 -	0.09 -			0.09 -	
		0.27	0.28	0.38	0.22	0.2	0.25	0.31	0.28	0.22	0.41	0.35			0.38	
	p-value	<0.05	<0.01	<0.001	0.06	0.68	<0.05	<0.05	0.15	0.25						
SCLC_lim vs ext	AUC	0.65**	0.68**	0.68**	0.57**	0.57	0.53**	0.58**	0.56**	0.53	0.70	0.70	CEA+ NSE	CEA+ NSE+ CYFRA	CEA+ NSE+ CYFRA+ SCC	
	95% CI	0.55 -	0.59 -	0.59 -	0.47 -	0.47 -	0.43 -	0.48 -	0.46 -	0.42 -	0.60 -	0.61 -			0.62 -	
		0.75	0.77	0.77	0.67	0.67	0.63	0.68	0.66	0.63	0.79	0.79			0.80	
	Sens ₉₀	15%	31%	28%	10%	13%	15%	2%	5%	18%	12%	20%			20%	
	95% CI	0.07 -	0.15 -	0.13 -	0 -	0.02 -	0.05 -	0 -	0 -	0 -	0.03 -	0.07 -			0.03 -	
		0.26	0.44	0.42	0.28	0.31	0.32	0.13	0.17	0.28	0.48	0.46			0.57	
	p-value	<0.01	<0.001	<0.001	0.19	0.19	0.54	0.1	0.24	0.61						

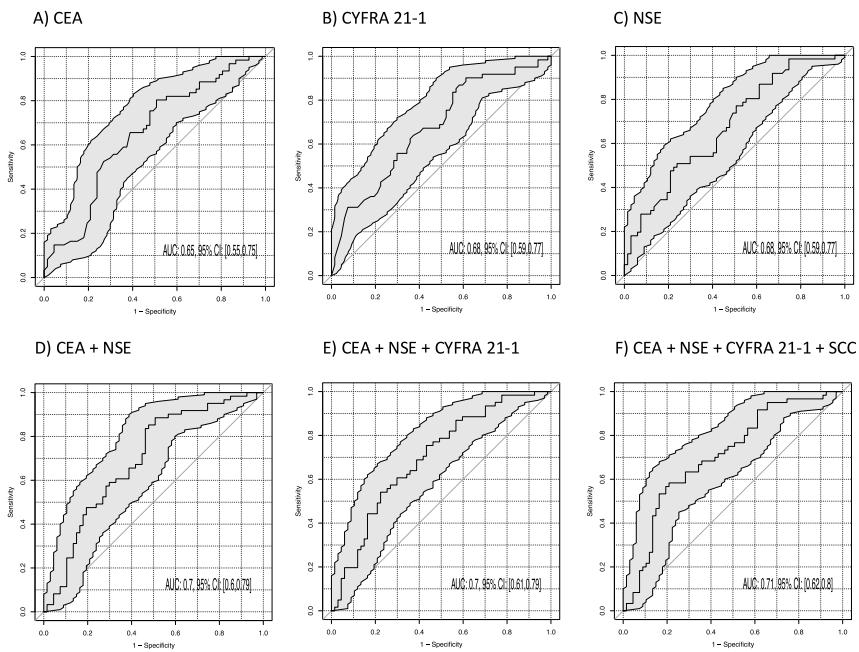
Areas under the curves (AUCs) of receiver operating characteristic (ROC) curves, 95% confidence intervals (95% CI) and sensitivities at 90% specificities (Sens₉₀). Differences of values between different groups presented as p-values (Mann-Whitney U test). CEA (carcinoembryonic antigen); CYFRA (cytokeratin-19 fragment); NSE (neuron specific enolase); ProGRP (pro-gastrin-releasing peptide); SCC (squamous cell cancer antigen); CA 19-9 (carbohydrate antigen 19-9); CA 15-3 (cancer antigen 15-3); CA 125 (cancer antigen 125); CA 72-4 (cancer antigen 72-4); Small cell lung cancer (SCLC); non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC); adenocarcinoma (ADC); squamous cell carcinoma (SQC); localized (loc); metastasized (met); limited disease (lim); extensive disease (ext). Classifier for logistic regression (*). Biomarker has negative correlation with classifier (**).



Supplementary Fig. 1 Power of discrimination between patients with adenocarcinoma (ADC) vs squamous cell (SQC) non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC) by use of single tumor markers and combinations illustrated by receiver operating characteristic (ROC) curves with areas under the curves (AUCs) and respective 95% confidence intervals (95% CI). CEA (carcinoembryonic antigen); SCC (squamous cell cancer antigen); CA 15-3 (cancer antigen 15-3); CA 125 (cancer antigen 125); CA 72-4 (cancer antigen 72-4).



Supplementary Fig. 2 Power of discrimination between patients with localized vs metastatic non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC) by use of single tumor markers and combinations illustrated by receiver operating characteristic (ROC) curves with areas under the curves (AUCs) and respective 95% confidence intervals (95% CI). CEA (carcinoembryonic antigen); CYFRA (cytokeratin-19 fragment); NSE (neuron specific enolase); ProGRP (pro-gastrin-releasing peptide).



Supplementary Fig. 3 Power of discrimination between patients with limited vs extensive small cell lung cancer (SCLC) by use of single tumor markers and combinations illustrated by receiver operating characteristic (ROC) curves with areas under the curves (AUCs) and respective 95% confidence intervals (95% CI). CEA (carcinoembryonic antigen); CYFRA (cytokeratin-19 fragment); NSE (neuron specific enolase); SCC (squamous cell cancer antigen).