Editorial

Big data analysis techniques for intelligent systems

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Recently, Internet of Things (IoT), Cloud, Big Data and AI gained a great attention as the most research topics. They cover not only information and communication technology, but also all kinds of intelligent systems in our society, including business, finance, industry, manufacture, management, and environment. As a result of the extensive use of these new technologies, a huge volume of data in different formats are generated much faster than before. Big data, characterized by high volume, variety and velocity, increasingly drives decision making and is changing the landscape of intelligent systems, from governments, organizations, communities to individual decision making. Cognitive big data analytics that discovers insights from pieces of evidence has a high demand for computing efficiency, knowledge discovery, problem-solving, and event prediction/prescription. It also poses great challenges in terms of data, process, analytical modelling and management for organizations to turn big data into big insight. Due to the increase in data size, complexity, and formats, it is no longer practical to anticipate and model all possible interactions and data processing in big data-based intelligent systems using the traditional data processing models. The emergence of new engineering research areas is clear evidence of the urgent needs of new demands and requirements of complex systems to be more intelligent. Besides their efficiency in quantitative analysis, big data analytics algorithms have successfully treated qualitative issues including knowledge-based decision support systems. Using these algorithms for integrating big data analytics with intelligent systems is an essential step toward achieving system goals.

The theme of this special issue is to provide an in-depth analysis both theoretically and analytically of the current advances in the field of cognitive big data analytics for intelligent systems. We are soliciting original contributions in both theoretical studies and state-of-the-art practical applications. We through call for paper through some conference and research community, we collected more than 246 papers. Based on the peer-review comments, we carefully selected 50 papers for this special issue. Now we will introduce the accepted 50 papers briefly.

The Internet of Things (IoT) promises to reshape entire industries. The business value can be profound—ranging from digitizing an organization’s internal operations and customer experience to unlocking disruptive new digital products and business models. There are fifteen papers focused on

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IoT and its application technologies. The establishment of physical education courses in colleges plays a positive role in promoting the personal development of students. However, as the teaching time of the physical education courses is limited, it has become an urgent problem to improve the students’ professional skills in the limited time of teaching. How to solve the problem that Fuzzy measure can’t be fused. Article [32] proposed a new algorithm to solve this problem, the experimental results show the proposed algorithm can archive a great performance improvement. Article [33] discussed the adaptation of IoT technology to the needs of modern enterprise human resource management, enriching and optimizing the training mode of innovative talents in science and engineering colleges. Article [34] proposed an optimization and update scheme from algorithm flow and evaluation model, and then established an effective identification model effectively by evaluating the data connection status of financial model. Based on computer and image processing technology. Article [35] proposed an intelligent transportation video tracking technology. Article [36] proposed an automatic password update technology and applied this technology into the wireless network services. Article [37] constructed a new mechanism and algorithm for cross border e-commerce export logistics mode from the perspective of value chain. Article [38] studied the function and significance of the history teaching of art design in the development of network of things of business design. Article [39] studied the construction of teaching platform of drama film and article [40] constructed the teaching evaluation index system of track and field general course for physical education major in light of wireless network technology. Article [41] studied the temperature rise online detection system of complete switchgear based on branch demarcation algorithm.

There are nine papers are focused on data mining technologies and the algorithms for big data. Article [12] proposed a prefix span algorithm for intrusion detection, which can up to 2X speed up than the mostly used start-of-art methods. Article [13] uses data mining algorithms to analyze the effectiveness of ideological and political education. Article [14] studied the characteristic of ensemble learning and compared the performance of K-means clustering algorithm, Ada-Boost algorithm and support vector machine algorithm. Article [15] designed a set of experiments which compared some highly used algorithm in computer network educational administration management system. Then the author designed an improved algorithm to improve the system performance. Article [17] proposed a new simulation model to evaluate the security of computer network. In order to better apply traditional cultural symbols to visual communication design based on this model, article [16] proposed a new genetic based algorithm to superimpose the visual communication performance. In order to study the effect of empty hole between adjacent blast holes in the perforation process of blasting, article [1] proposed a rock blasting theory based simulation method to process the rock fragmentation, experimental results show the proposed method can greatly improve system performance. Article [2] takes advantage of the data mining technology to analyze the smeared as criteria to guide clinicians to prescribe medications for patients so as to reduce the pain of patient, improve medical quality and save limited health resources. Article [3] makes an empirical study on the relationship between quality management, organizational innovation and organizational performance, which get some useful conclusions.

Deep learning is an important role in artificial intelligent techniques, there are eleven papers are focused on deep learning technologies and applications. Article [18] proposed a new Prefix Span algorithm which without produce candidate sets in the process of mining, experimental results show the proposed algorithm efficiency is much higher than that of other classical algorithms. Based on the neural network model, article [19] proposed a new simulation method of computer network security. In order to promote the development of visual target tracking technology, article [20] uses discrete differential algorithm in computer to assist analysis. Article [21] studied the influence factors of the stability of tailings dam based on multi-source information fusion method. Article [22] improved genetic algorithm and then applied the proposed algorithm to evaluate the labor relations in human resource development. Focused on the real-time dispatching of people, article [49] applied the BP neural network technology to the real-time dispatching of intelligent people, establish the time prediction model of intelligent dispatching of people based on BP neural network. Article [50] presents a fuzzy optimization model for demand-responsive feeder transit services (DRT) that can transport an uncertain number of passengers from demand points to the rail station, the proposed model features fuzzy triangular number variables used to describe the changes in travel demand. To studies and optimizes the fault diagnosis method of comprehensive logging
unit pressure sensor. Article [4] proposed an improved particle swarm optimization RBF neural network algorithm to establish the temperature compensation model. In order to improve the classification effect of the gene expression profile with high dimension and small sample, article [5] proposed an improved rotation forest algorithm. The traditional sentiment classification methods are not fine-grained enough to fully characterize the overall evolution of sentiments and face the problem of sparse features. Aiming at these limitations, article [6] proposed a hybrid neural network model for fine-grained emotion classification and computing. Based on dynamic particle swarm optimization (DPSO) for neural network, article [11] studied the anti-glycation activity.

Cloud computing is another hot topic for nowadays research, we accept four papers on cloud computing in this special issue. Article [23] construct a new internet data mining model. Article [24] studied the breakthrough and innovation of UAV mission planning method based on cloud computing-based reinforcement learning algorithm. Article [25] studied the driving model of innovation of business model and applied the proposed model under cloud computing environment. Article [26] developed a new chosen model for comparative education research in colleges and universities in the age of big data.

There are sixteen papers which focused on intelligent algorithm. Because of all these sixteen papers are relevant with intelligent algorithm, so we introduce all these papers together. Article [27] constructed and analyzed the hidden Markov model for piano notes recognition algorithm. Article [28] applied graph theory into transportation linkage in logistics management and then designed a new computer aided model. Article [29] studied the inheritance and innovation mode of erhu art and then developed a new intelligent algorithm to improve the system performance. Article [30] explores the application of artificial intelligence in English teaching in middle schools by using relevant theories of curriculum theory, literature analysis and field investigation. Article [31] discussed the business English writing training strategy based on new media and exercise recommendation algorithm. Based on "The preservation of endangered ethnic minority languages" and "application of ethnic minority languages", article [42] combined quantitative and qualitative analysis and then proposed a new method which can carry out a systematic study on vowels and consonants in the Salar language. Article [43] investigates the impacts that salary variation caused by insufficient information, then evaluates the condition of information holding between the employee and the employer. Article [44] designed an measurement model and simulation model of electromagnetic flow transducer (EFT) with saddle excitation structure and then analyzed the distribution characteristics of magnetic flux density of different excitation structures. Article [45] focused on the study of constructing efficient two-dimensional wavelet synopses with maximum error bound. The authors proposed a linear-time two-dimensional F-shift algorithm (TDFS), then present a general parallel framework for two-dimensional data array and generate a parallel two-dimensional F-shift algorithm (PTDFS). Article [46] aims to solve the problem of false positives and class imbalances by implementing an improved filter library framework for Cole pest identification. The specific impact of different passenger behaviors on crowd stampede risk was quantitatively analyzed through simulation. The research results of article [47] can be applied to the safety management to help reduce the occurrence of stampede accidents on the escalator and promote the safety of escalator passengers. Machinery and equipment are widely used in modern large-scale production, while industrial large-scale production and the progress of science and technology make machinery and equipment more complex and large-scale, article [48] proposed a new fault prediction and maintenance process on the basis of operating state of the device, experimental results show the proposed method can improve the system performance. Article [49] studied the electrical output characteristics of photovoltaic cell and then proposed a mathematical model for engineering application. Article [50] established an evolutionary game model between government and consumers, and then discussed the equilibrium stability of the model system. In order to monitor the atmospheric pollutant of PM2.5, article [51] proposed a new BP neural network based prediction model for air quality. Article [52] proposed a new approach to solving bipartite matching problems with linguistic scorings.

In conclusion, this special issue would not have been possible without the help of many people. As guest editors, we would like to take this opportunity to thank the authors for their contributions and the reviewers for their invaluable comments and timely responses. We also would like to thank the JIFS Editor-in-Chief and staff for their support during the preparation and production of this special issue.
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