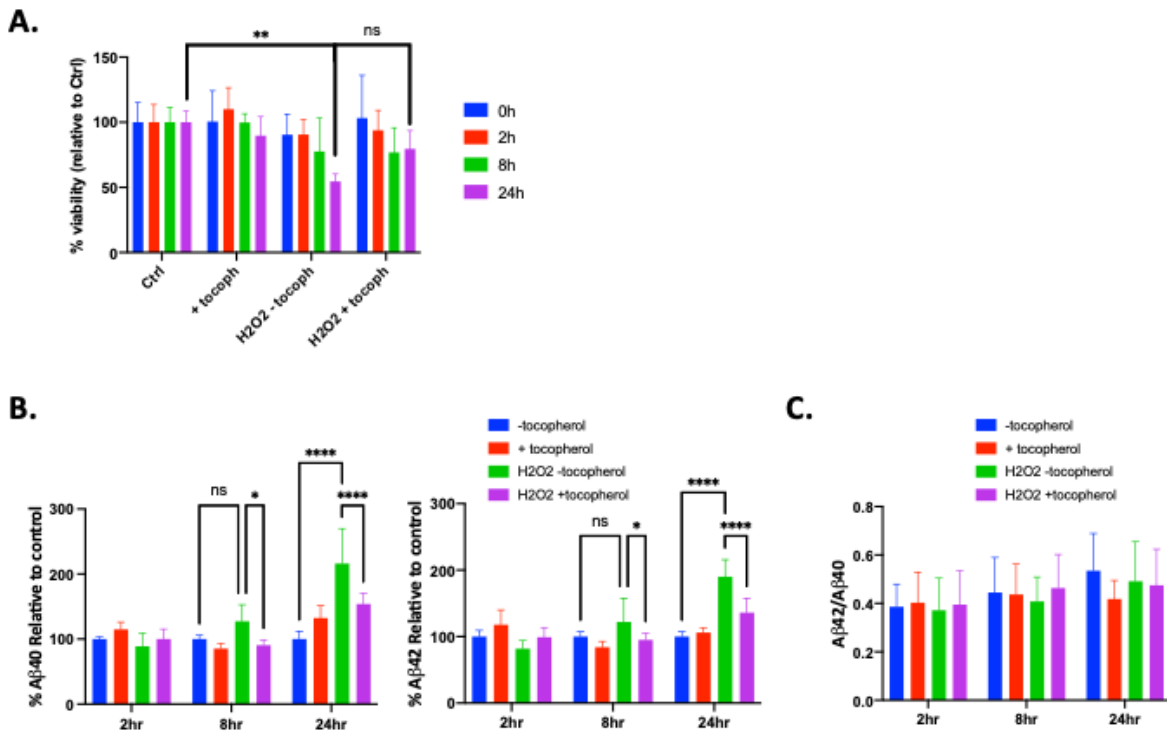
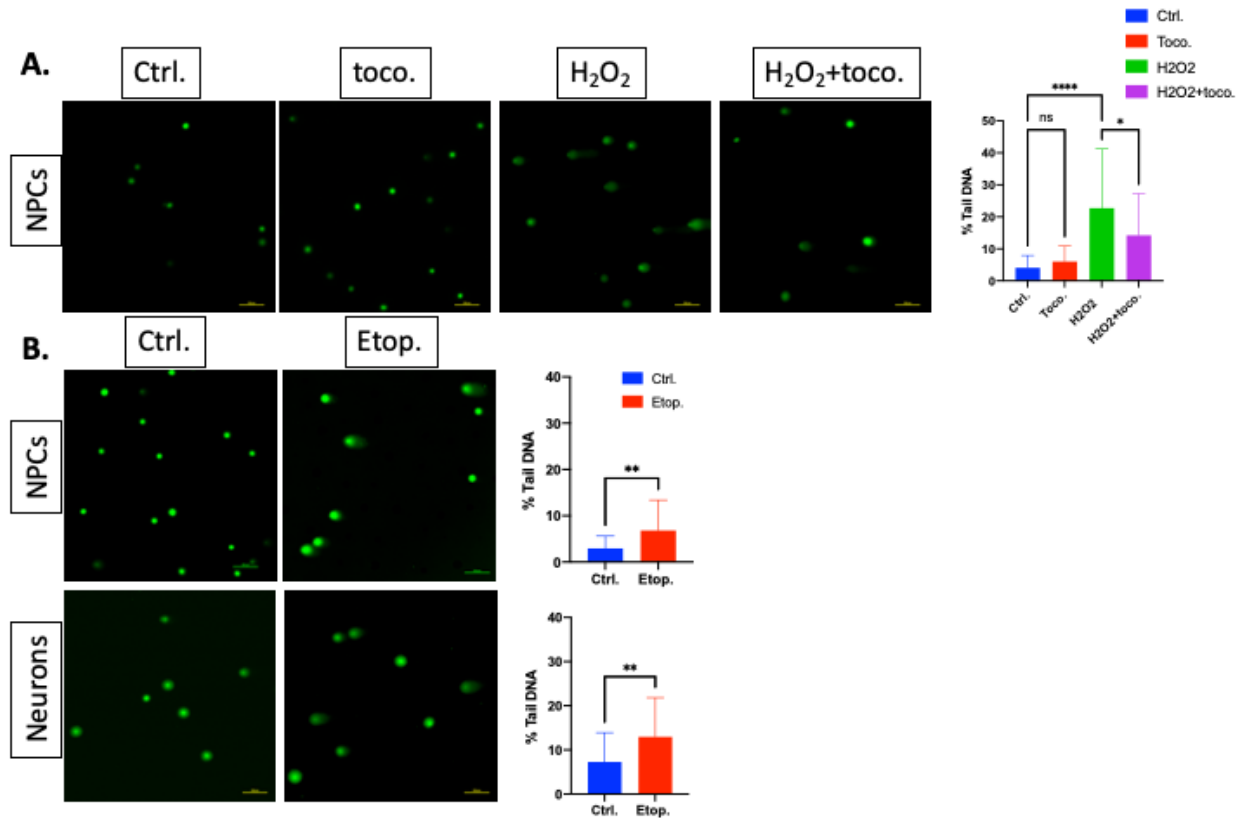


# Supplementary Material

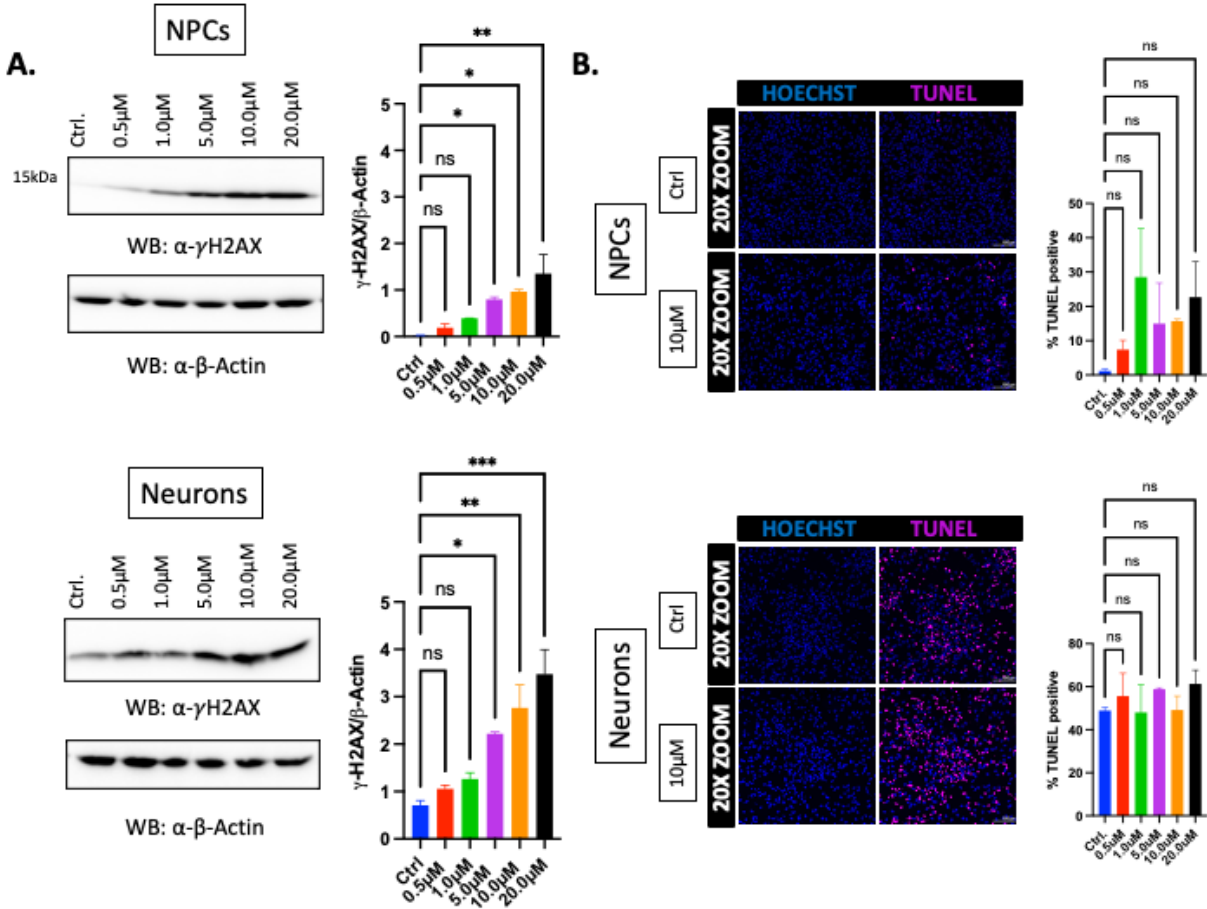
## DNA Damage Increases Secreted A $\beta$ <sub>40</sub> and A $\beta$ <sub>42</sub> in Neuronal Progenitor Cells: Relevance to Alzheimer's Disease



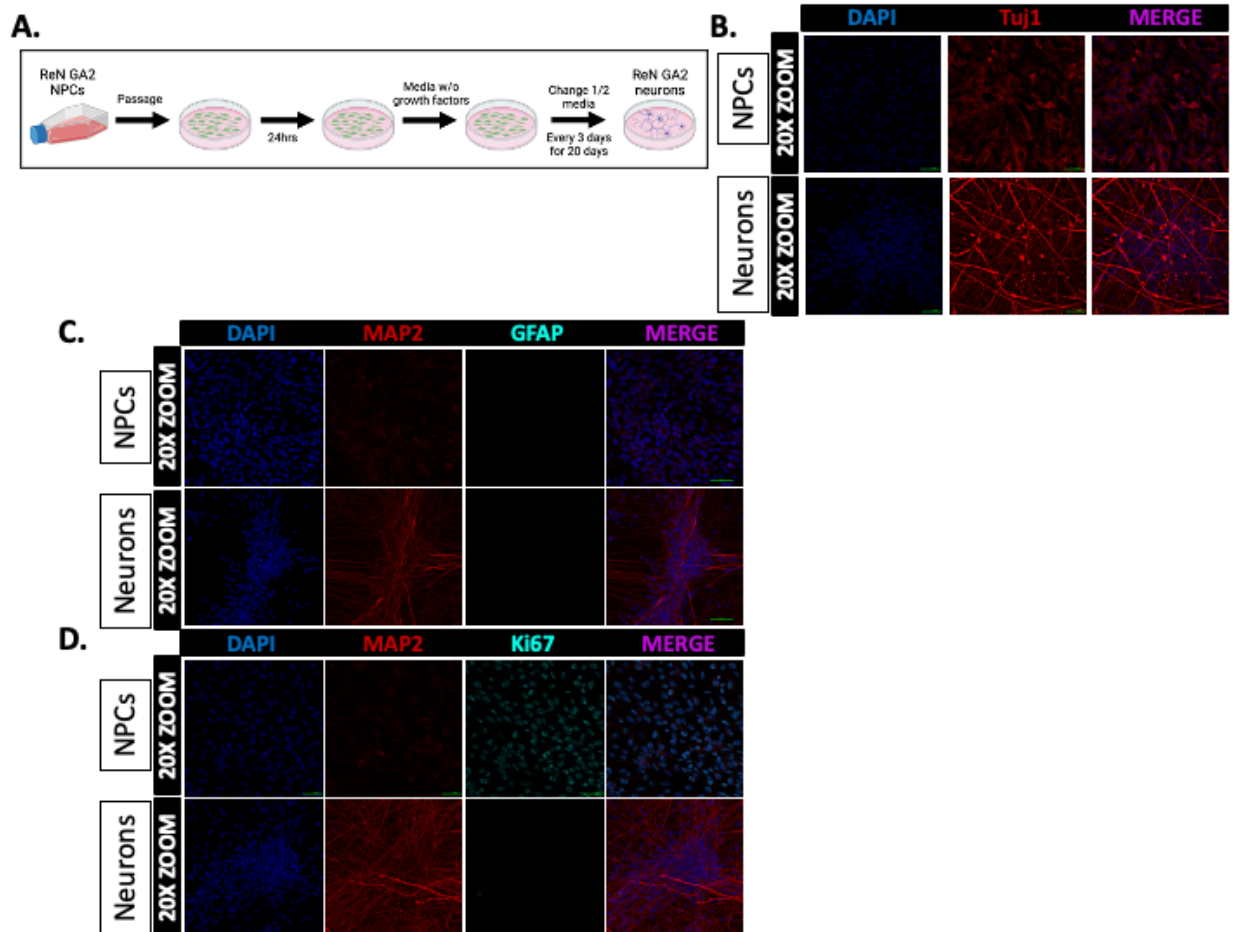
**Supplementary Figure 1. Hydrogen peroxide damage increases A $\beta$ <sub>40</sub> and A $\beta$ <sub>42</sub> secretion in ReN GA2 NPCs, an effect that is mitigated by  $\alpha$ -tocopherol treatment.** A) Percent cell viability after designated treatment and recovery times. B) Percent secreted A $\beta$ <sub>40</sub> and A $\beta$ <sub>42</sub> relative to controls after designated treatments and recovery times. C) A $\beta$ <sub>42</sub>/A $\beta$ <sub>40</sub> ratio calculated from raw values. Error bars represent means  $\pm$  SD of three separate experiments, and the p values were determined using 2-way ANOVA and Tukey's multiple comparisons test. \*p<0.05, \*\*p<0.01, \*\*\*\*p<0.0001. ns, not significant.



**Supplementary Figure 2. Hydrogen peroxide and etoposide damage induce DNA DSBs differentially in ReN GA2 NPCs and neurons.** A) Cultures of ReN GA2 NPCs were assessed for DSB levels by neutral comet assay with and without 5  $\mu$ M  $\alpha$ -tocopherol pre-treatment for 0.5 hr, treated with and without 2.5  $\mu$ M peroxide for 0.5 h. % tail DNA was quantified using 30 nuclei per experiment (100x tail DNA intensity/cell DNA intensity). B) Cultures of ReN GA2 NPCs and 20 day differentiated neurons were assessed for DSB levels by neutral comet assay with and without 6 h 10  $\mu$ M etoposide treatment. % tail DNA was quantified using 30 nuclei per experiment (100x tail DNA intensity/cell DNA intensity). Error bars represent means  $\pm$  SD of three separate experiments, and the p values were determined using one-way ANOVA and Tukey's multiple comparisons test, or Students T test. \* $p < 0.05$ , \*\* $p < 0.01$ , \*\*\*\* $p < 0.0001$ .



**Supplementary Figure 3. Etoposide induces increased  $\gamma$ -H2AX expression in ReN GA2 NPCs and neurons, but not apoptosis.** A) Western blot of endogenous  $\gamma$ -H2AX expression in ReN GA2 NPCs and 20 day differentiated neurons treated with and without etoposide at designated concentrations for 6 h and allowed to recover for 2 h. B) Click-IT terminal deoxynucleotidyl transferase dUTP nick end labeling (TUNEL) assay performed on ReN GA2 NPCs and 20 day differentiated neurons exposed to indicated etoposide concentrations for 6 h and allowed to recover for 2 h. Representative images show control and 10  $\mu$ M etoposide treatments with Hoechst nuclei stain (blue) and overlaid TUNEL labeling (pink). Error bars represent means  $\pm$  SD of two separate experiments, and the p values were determined using one-way ANOVA and Tukey's multiple comparisons test. \* $p$ <0.05, \*\* $p$ <0.01, \*\*\* $p$ <0.001.



**Supplementary Figure 4. Profiles of ReN GA2 NPCs and 20-day differentiated neurons.** A) Treatment schematic of 20-day differentiation protocol. (Schematic created in BioRender.com.) Immunostaining of ReN GA2 NPCs and 20-day differentiated neurons with antibodies for (B) anti-Tuj1 (early neuron marker), (C) anti-MAP2 (neuron marker) and anti-GFAP (astrocyte marker), and (D) anti-MAP2 (neuron marker) and anti-Ki67 (proliferation marker).