

Supplementary Material

Concentration-Dependent Activity of Hydromethylthionine on Clinical Decline and Brain Atrophy in a Randomized Controlled Trial in Behavioral Variant Frontotemporal Dementia

Supplementary Table 1. STUDY TRx-237-007 PopPK Population Variables

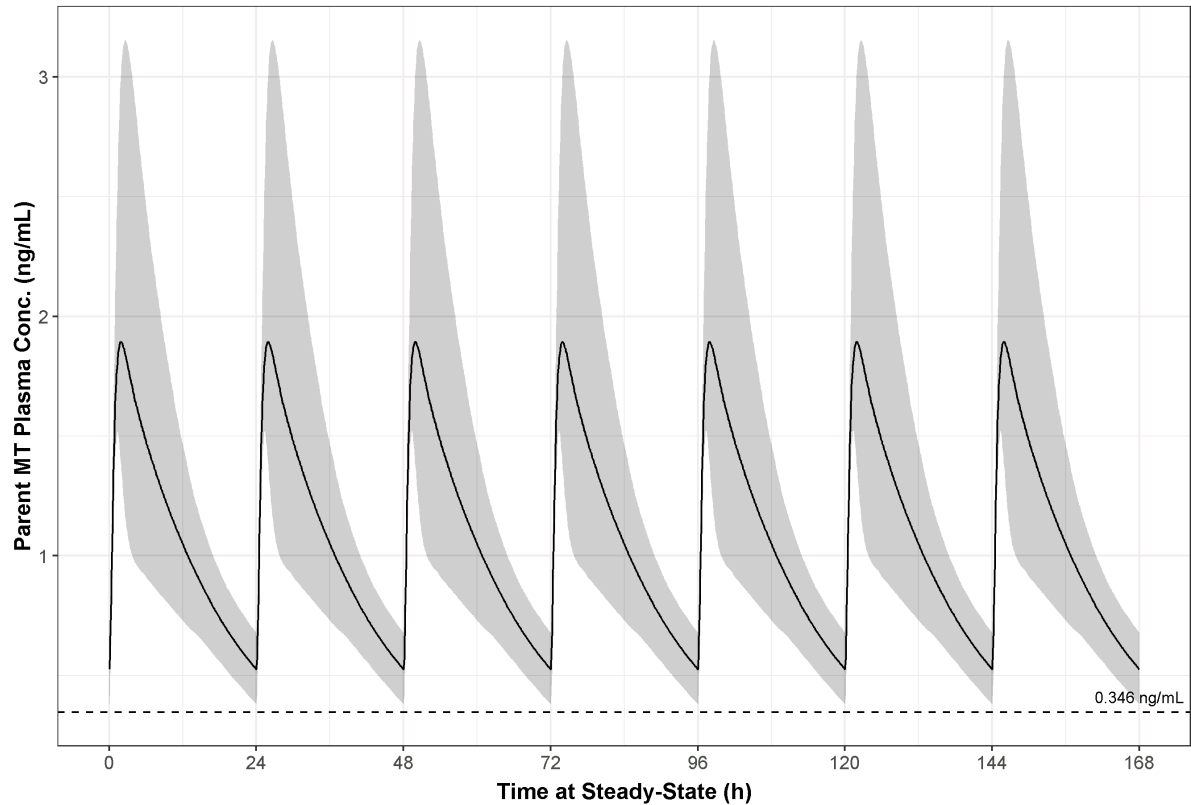
| Characteristic | Randomized Treatment | | Total (N=175) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|------------------|
| | LMTM 4 mg/day (N=93) | LMTM 100 mg/day (N=82) | |
| Weight (kg) | | | |
| Mean (SD) | 82.7 (18.8%) | 81.7 (20.1%) | 82.2 (19.4%) |
| Median (range) | 82.5 (44.7-128) | 82.4 (42.1-135) | 82.5 (42.1-135) |
| BMI (kg/m ²) | | | |
| Mean (SD) | 28.5 (17.7%) | 27.5 (15.9%) | 28.0(16.9%) |
| Median (range) | 27.5 (20.1-46.1) | 27.1 (17.1-40.6) | 27.3(17.1-46.1) |
| Creatinine Clearance (mL/min) | | | |
| Mean (SD) | 74.8 (23.4%) | 76.6 (21.0%) | 75.6 (22.2%) |
| Median (range) | 72.7 (42.3-121) | 76.5 (41.9-127) | 73.5 (41.9-127) |
| eGFR (mL/min/1.73m ²) | | | |
| Mean (SD) | 83.7 (17.7%) | 86.1 (18.2%) | 84.8 (18.0%) |
| Median (range) | 81.7 (52.9-128) | 84.0 (51.6-122) | 82.4 (51.6-128) |

Supplementary Table 2. STUDY TRx-237-005 PopPK Population Variable

| Characteristic | Randomized Treatment | | Total (N=674) |
|---|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | LMTM 4 mg/day (N=344) | LMTM 100 mg/day (N=330) | |
| Weight (kg) | | | |
| Mean (SD) | 74.4 (22.8%) | 71.7 (21.1%) | 73.1 (22.1%) |
| Median | 72.4 (43.5-134) | 70.7 (36.8-123) | 71.4 (36.8-134) |
| BMI (kg/m²) | | | |
| Mean (SD) | 26.8 (32.7%) | 26.2 (17.6%) | 26.5 (26.6%) |
| Median | 25.9 (17.4-162) | 25.4 (14.4-41.2) | 25.5 (14.4-162) |
| Creatinine Clearance (mL/min) | | | |
| Mean (SD) | 58.6 (28.8%) | 58.3 (28.3%) | 58.5 (28.5%) |
| Median | 57.4 (22.2-117) | 56.4 (11.9-134) | 56.7 (11.9-134) |
| Creatinine Clearance (mL/min/1.73 m²) | | | |
| Mean (SD) | 55.6 (26.4%) | 56.6 (25.8%) | 56.1 (26.1%) |
| Median | 53.4 (23.9-106) | 55.6 (10.1-118) | 54.5 (10.1-118) |
| eGFR (mL/min/1.73 m²) | | | |
| Mean (SD) | 74.3 (22.5%) | 75.8 (21.4%) | 75.1 (22.0%) |
| Median | 72.3 (34.2-134) | 76.2 (12.6-128) | 74.2 (12.6-134) |

Supplementary Table 3. STUDY TRx-237-015 PopPK Population Variables

| Characteristic | Randomized Treatment | | | Total (N=626) |
|---|----------------------------------|--|--|--------------------------|
| | LMTM 8 mg/day (N=256) | LMTM 150 mg/day (N=187) | LMTM 250 mg/day (N=183) | |
| Weight (kg) | | | | |
| Mean (CV) | 69.8 (20.0%) | 68.7 (19.1%) | 69.8 (22.4%) | 69.5 (20.5%) |
| Median (min – max) | 69.0 (41.0-132) | 68.0 (36.2-110) | 68.5 (39.0-108) | 68.6 (36.2-132) |
| BMI (kg/m²) | | | | |
| Mean (CV) | 26.0 (15.7%) | 26.4 (22.5%) | 25.5 (18.3%) | 26.0 (18.7%) |
| Median (min – max) | 26.0 (15.4-37.6) | 25.9 (15.3-82.1) | 24.7 (14.9-43.3) | 25.6 (14.9-82.1) |
| Creatinine Clearance (mL/min) | | | | |
| Mean (CV) | 56.8 (29.2%) | 58.4 (27.3%) | 61.3 (29.2%) | 58.6 (28.8%) |
| Median (min – max) | 55.4 (23.0-115) | 57.3 (26.5-104) | 57.8 (25.7-118) | 56.7 (23.0-118) |
| Creatinine Clearance (mL/min/1.73 m²)^b | | | | |
| Mean (CV) | 55.9 (25.4%) | 58.6 (25.5%) | 60.1 (24.6%) | 58.0 (25.3%) |
| Median (min – max) | 55.4 (20.3-94.7) | 56.6 (26.3-106) | 59.5 (27.3-106) | 56.6 (20.3-106) |
| eGFR (mL/min/1.73 m²) | | | | |
| Mean (CV) | 74.6 (22.1%) | 78.2 (20.2%) | 79.7 (20.7%) | 77.2 (21.3%) |
| Median (min – max) | 73.7 (30.6-150) | 78.0 (34.0-122) | 78.9 (37.8-123) | 76.5 (30.6-150) |



Supplementary Figure 1. Predicted parent MT concentration-time profiles for one week of dosing of 30 mg PO QD at steady state. Demographics and post-hoc PK parameters for the simulation were derived from the pooled AD/bvFTD Phase III population, truncated to the lower limit of CL_{cr} in the bvFTD cohort (40 mL/min/1.73 m²) (n = 1326). Solid, black line is the median predicted concentration; the grey shaded region is the 90% prediction interval. The horizontal, dashed line is the plasma concentration threshold of 0.346 ng/ml, required for clinical pharmacological activity in bvFTD.