Supplementary Material

Is There a Characteristic Autonomic Response During Outbursts of Combative Behavior in Dementia Patients?

Case 1

PMH:

Vascular dementia, S/P stroke

Diabetes mellitus

Hypertension

Hyperlipidemia

Coronary artery disease S/P coronary artery bypass graft

Asthma

Gout

Glaucoma

Gastroesophageal reflux disease

Possible post-traumatic stress disorder

Possible depression

IMAGING:

MRI head

- 1. No acute intracranial abnormality. No acute infarct, acute hemorrhage, or intracranial mass.
- 2. Severe extensive confluent and predominantly periventricular T2/FLAIR hyperintense white matter signal abnormality. This is nonspecific, though commonly associated with chronic microangiopathic change.
- 3. Diffuse prominence of the lateral ventricles. This is felt most likely to reflect a central pattern of parenchymal volume loss, especially given the extensive white matter changes as above. However, given relative crowding of sulci at the vertex and prominence of the sylvian fissures, the possibility of normal pressure hydrocephalus could also be considered in the appropriate clinical setting. Correlation with outside institution imaging, if available would be useful to assess for interval change.
- 4. Multiple punctate foci of susceptibility effect throughout the brain parenchyma as above. This is also nonspecific and may relate to chronic hypertension. Amyloid angiopathy is considered less likely given the distribution, though not excluded.

CT Angiography of Head and Neck: Within normal limits.

EKG:

Ventricular rate: 75 bpm PR interval: 220 ms QRS duration 100 ms QT/QTc 376/419 ms

Sinus rhythm with 1st degree atrioventricular block

NEUROPSYCHOLOGICAL TESTING:

Montreal Cognitive Assessment 16/30

MEDICINES AT TIME OF INCIDENT:

Allopurinol 300 mg daily

Aspirin 325 mg daily

Atorvastatin 80 mg daily

Cholecalciferol 1000 units daily

Clotrimazole solution daily

Dorzolamide twice daily

Latanoprost daily

Metformin 1000 mg twice daily

Metoprolol succinate 100 mg daily

Montelukast 100 mg daily

Ranitidine 150 mg twice daily

Sertraline 12.5 mg daily

Trazodone 25 mg up to three times a day as needed for agitation

DISPOSITION: Patient remained too aggressive for any facility available to veterans and was placed in a specialized nursing home where he passed away about one year later.

Case 2

PMH:

Senile dementia of the Alzheimer's type

Cerebrovascular disease, S/P stroke

Bifascicular block

Asthma

Benign prostatic hyperplasia

Calcific tendinitis of shoulder

Diabetes mellitus

Diverticulosis

Hypertension

Gout

Hyperlipidemia

Insomnia

Nonexudative age-related macular degeneration

Squamous cell carcinoma of skin

Cataract

IMAGING:

MRI brain

Multiple T2 bright foci subcortical and periventricular white matter of the cerebral hemispheres corresponding to sites of decreased attenuation on recent CT, nonspecific finding suggestive of small vessel ischemic gliotic changes. Mild atrophy.

EKG:

Ventricular rate: 81 bpm PR interval: 216 ms QRS duration 130 ms QT/QTc 424/492 ms

Sinus rhythm with 1st degree atrioventricular block, right bundle branch block and left anterior fascicular block

NEUROPSYCHOLOGICAL TESTING:

Montreal Cognitive Assessment 8/30

MEDICINES AT TIME OF INCIDENT:

Clonazepam 0.5 mg daily Divalproex (extended release) 1250 gm daily Gabapentin 300 mg twice daily Ramelteon 8 mg daily Risperidone 1 mg twice daily Trazodone 50 mg twice daily

DISPOSITION: Risperidone was discontinued and patient improved considerably on a regimen of duloxetine 30 mg daily, the remainder of his behavioral regimen remaining essentially unchanged. Patient passed away from a respiratory tract infection about 6 months after this incident.

Supplementary Table 1. Comparison of Baseline and Peak Values*

	Case 1	Case 2
Baseline conductance (µS)	0.12	0.16
Peak conductance (μS)	6.81	8.62
Baseline heart rate (bpm)	60	90
Peak heart rate (bpm)	102	160
Ratio conductance (peak/baseline)	56.8	54.9
Ratio heart rate (peak/baseline)	1.7	1.8

^{*}All values estimated as median over 3 min interval except peaks for Case 2 which were over 1 min.